## The Athenian Mercury:

Saturday, January 7. 1692. Licens'd, E. B.

We have in our former Papers prov'd the Folly and Impiety of fucir as pretend to Judicial Aftrology, showing that the Scripture, Reason, and Experience give their Common Suffrage against it. But since we find Mr. G-(who, for what reasons we know not, is become so famous, or rather infamous, above the rest of his Brethren, in his pretences that way, has at the latter end of his Almanack, for this Year 1693. written a defence of Judicial Aftrology, we thought it our Duty, (especially having before engaged in the Subject) to show the Nullity and Inconclusiveness of all that looks like material in what he has writ, fince it may hinder a deal of Sin and Folly in fuch Persons as are subject to the Idolatry of running after these fort of Men, at the same time forfeiting their Dependance upon God, and losing their Money and Time, only to be laught at as foon as their back is turn'd. Our Paper being short, we shall only consider the Arguments, and not trouble our felves about other digressions, tho' there's matter enough in the rest for both Pity and Mirth. His first Argument, is p. 2. which we shall collect, like all the following, in its full force, only shorten the Terms, being more pertinent for the business, and with that Justice to him, as he shall have no cause to com-

J. G. 1 Arg. O Sceptick denies Superiors influence Inferiors. Stars and Planets are Superiour to all terrene Beings,

and must therefore influence them?

Athen. We grant, that a Being Superior in Power and Nature can act upon, and influence an Inferior, as a Man can do what he will with his Watch. But as for the Paralogism which wou'd make Superiority in Altitude, or heighth, and Superior in Nature and Power, to be the same thing, 'tis so absurd, that we need not say we deny it; at this rate every Chimney is more noble than a Man, because 'tis higher, and every Bird that slies over ones head does thereby establish its Dominion over

see his Preface: only fit for Uraniah's humble Ser-

vant.

7. G. 2 Arg. If the order and disorder of terrene Bodies be not owing to the Stars, they seem to stand in need of some

other Natural Cause for their Production?

Athen. So long as there's Vertue and Vice, Wildom and Folly in the World, we shall never want a proper Cause of all the Orders and Disorders in it. Besides, in Page 3. about the middle, you fay the Air is the Mediate Cause of all things; and if so, not the Stars, as you wou'd here suggest: If you think to have a refuge in the Term Mediate, you are yet in a greater Error; for there was never any of you fo filly as to fay, the Stars were the immediate Cause of any thing, if so, they wou'd necessitate, not incline: And if they are not the Immediate, then they mult be the Mediate (if any;) but that you debarr 'em of too, and give to the Air: So that by your own Doctrine, the Stars have nothing to do with the Orders and Disorders of the World. But after all, who is your Authority for afferting, That all Philosophers allow the Air to be the mediate Cause of all things, when there's not one in the whole World that can be guilty of fuch a ridiculous thought, it wou'd be very hard to put upon you to prove it the only and proper Caufe of any thing at all.

J. G. 3 Arg. If the Solum and Calum do both agree in the making up Homers Golden Chain, its obvious that the Symputhies and Antipathies of the Planets and Stars above, with Persons and Things below, do certainly produce the true Sorites of Nature that hold together, (by links as it

were ) all Mundane Beings?

Athen. If Homers Golden Chain made any thing for your Cause, we wou'd give it you, and our Answer to it, but you have wrested Homer to your own purpose, and have put the Stars in Jupiters place, for it was Jupiter himself that held the Golden Chain which reach'd from Heaven to Earth; only denoting thereby his Superintendance, and Regulation of Humane Affairs, and that there nothing fell out on Earth, which was not providentially order'd and regulated, according to the Decrees and Registry of Fate, but not a word of Stars, their influence, or any such thing.

The next Paragraph is built upon the first Argument, where, because the Stars are high and powerful, (the last is to be prov'd) therefore they influence, &c. The next mighty Argument is interrogative,

as follows

J. G. 4, Arg. Why may not there be as well Qualifications of Excellency and Peculiarity, in the seven Planets of the greater World, as in the seven principal parts of Man, the lesser World, viz. the Heart, Brain, Liver, Spleen, Gall,

Lungs and Kidneys.

Athen. A why not proves nothing: We'll grant you Qualifications of Excellency in the Planets, as to their Glory, Heighth, Motion, &c. but as for the peculiarity and use of em, we deny it, (Sun and Moon excepted for influence;) if you had taken in the Earth as a Planet, as Mr. Parker has done, you had mention'd lomething of Use and Peculiarity. But pray Sir where did you learn your Anatomy, to call those above mention'd the feven principal parts of Mans Body, how came that Number into your Mind? If by principal, you mean effentially so, 'tis false, Experience shows 'tis possible to live without the Spleen; how have some Persons Kidneys been ulcerated whilst living? Others with Lungs almost consum'd; Brain a great part often taken out. Now suppose some of the Planets par'd away piecemeal, and one of 'em lost in the indefinite space, what wou'd become of Astrology then? but let's fee how these seven principal parts answer to the Nature of the seven Planets by what follows; at the bottom of p. 6. there you fay, The Heart is affimilated to the Sun, the Spleen to Saturn, the parts of delight to Venus, the Brain to the Moon, and the Understanding to Mercury; so that by this, we have now nine principal parts, in the Microcosm Privities, and Understanding added, so that your Question is thus: Why may not the seven Planets in the greater World, answer the nine principal parts in the leffer? We answer, Why shou'd they, there being neither Number, Reason, nor Sense in the Que-

F.G. 6 Arg. There can be no better Reason given for the Motions, Order, &c. of the Planets, than that they might

thereby influence things below.

Athen. We'll lend you a better Reason. Their light is for Mans use, their Number, Order, Configurations, regular Motions, &c. were made for Mans Contemplation, and to put him in Mind of an Intelligent Author of em; these are the uses that David and St. Paul make of em.

F. G. 6 Arg. It must be the Stars that influence us to love and hate, or evenness of Temper, for the Earth, or Atoms can't do it.

Athen. We see no reason that it shou'd be either of 'em, and it must be one of 'em, or you argue upon nothing. If your Stars won't furnish you with a better reason, we'll try to oblige you with one. The Passions, as Fear, Hope, Foy, Love, Anger, &c. are innate, and whilst they are in being, are always ready to be work'd upon, the manner is by means of the Senses, which presents us with Objects, or Relations agreeable, disagreeable, surprizing, frightful, joyous, &c. that 'tis

this not the Stars that makes us glad or forry, is plain; for take a Person whose Aspects are as good or as ill as you please, suppose the most malevolent for Sorrow, Accidents, &c. and fuch a Man may at that same time be made to rejoyce, if you Conferr upon him an Estate, a Preterment, a Pardon, or what he wou'd be most pleas'd with. But you'l Urge, they Incline, not Necessicate, so that their Aspects may be frustrate in many Cafes. Suppose it; suppose also there is something of Truth in Astrology, since it is so fallacious as it may be diverted, who can be fure of what you fay? or why wou'd ye that People shou'd relye upon you in any Case whatever? It the Art was real, and the Stars did Necessitate, the Case wou'd be quite alter'd. --- The next Paragraph is full of Interrogations, which we shall Anfuer as we go along, diftinguishing which is which by

the Character of the Letter. If the Sun has effect upon Bodies, why may not the Spirits of the other Planets? Anfw. We know not what you mean by Spirits of Planets, Explain that first; in the mean time take another Query to compare with yours, viz. Why should not all the Planets incline to Heat and Paisson as well as Mars? Why do Vegetables dye, when the Sun has most Power to preserve Life? Answ. From the fame Reason that some Flyes never live a whole day, and others live half a year: But Query, Why do any Men dye under good and promising Aipects? either the Stars lye, or fignifie nothing in the matter. Why does one year differ from another in the same time of the year, if the Sun be the only Cause of the Changes and Variations which happen in the Seasons of theyear. We say the Sun by its distance or nearness causes Winter and Summer, the two great Changes; as for leffer Changes, which are only accidental, by reason of Winds bringing more or less Niter ( or Nitrous Air ) from the Frigid Zone, or the contrary; or by Exhalations, Inundations, Earthquakes, and a multitude more of fuch things as may Condense or Rarifie, and have other Effects upon the Air, and caule a greater or leffer quantity of Clouds, &c. which may interpole and hinder the Sun from having like Effects at all times. But Query, Why don't the same Aspects, Conjunctions, Oppositions, &c. always produce the same Seasons, Accidents, Ge. if they are the proper cause of 'em. All these Questions you see are Convertible, and conclude more against you than us, for we can Answer, and give a known certain Reason, which you can't do.

J.G. p. 6. Defin. What is the Brain? A Close Compacted Body, it is semblable to Felly or Flegm, whence by means of the Nerves comes Sensation and Motion.

Athen. Indeed Friend John, if Jelly and Brains be such A close Compacted Body, a thick Skull will be found too close and Compacted for any Mercurial Instuence: Now we find indeed that Philosophy, Anatomy and Definitions, if back'd by Propitious Stars, as yours are, will arrive to an uncommon growth at last.

J. G. Def. 2d. What is the Heart? Dnly a meer triangular piece of fleth, of no excellent attraction to Common Misson.

Athen. Acutely defin'd again! only we want to know whether 'tis a Solid or a Plane, but you've made amends in the following learned Phrase, Mo excellent attraction to Common Misson. Before this our Talent cou'd reach no higher than to express it thus, no pleasant sight: But now for the Consequence and Design of these Desinitions, why

J.G. The Heart and the Brain (p. 6.) are affimilated to the Sun and Moon, two of the most powerful and influencing Planets, but yet the Flesh is dull and inactive, as the Scripture testifies, 'tis the Spirit that does all and is all.

Athen. This is fairly Collected, and the lense of the whole Page, now if we consider the Parallel, and Mr. G's design by it, he wou'd (as appears above) show that the seven Planets rul'd the greater World, and the seven principal Parts the lesser World, or Man, which seven he afterwards unluckily made out Nine; and now purely to give us a touch of his Divinity he destroys all he has said, making the Heart and Brain to be flesh, and prosit nothing; that is, so far from insluencing the lesser World, or Man, that they must be influenc'd themselves

by the Spirit, and consequently from his own Patalel the Sun and Moon (and if them the rest of the Planets) are dull and languid, can't at all instruence or incline a Man to any thing of themselves, standing in need of something else to quicken and instruence them: Astrologico divinely argued! But the Author may be pardon'd, having made his Consequence perhaps under some ill Aspect.

To page 10. he takes all for granted, and upon a blind Presumption takes all that he has said hitherto to be Canon, and so he proceeds to talk like an Affrologer, of Jupiter and Melancholly, Mars and Choller, Venus and good Humour; by and by he falls upon Baptism and Vows, believing Virtue spoils his Trade by falfifying his Schemes, and shows that the Stars are like Whores, p. 8. ( Creditable Bufineffes to truft to!) and ends with Anfwering some Objections, which are all of the same Cast; but fince he thinks those Objections so easily resolv'd, we'll propose a few more to him and all other Aftrologers whatever, which if Answer'd and sent us or our Bookfeller, with Name or Names subscrib'd, and Places of Habitation, we'll be so just and fair as to commit it to the Press without any Alterations, but if we receive no Answer the World is hereby defired to take Notice of it, and be no longer abus'd and impos'd upon, by fuch as are not able by all the help of the Stars to maintain their own Art, or Answer the following Questions.

Quest. I. Suppose three Footmen are to run a Race, and being willing to know their Fortune, they come to three different Astrologers all at the same time, and have the same Schemes erected for each: Query, Since one must win and two lose, why will the Astrologers tell 'em an impossibility, that they must all win or all lose?

Quest. 2. Why you pretend to tell Matters of great Confequence, as Life and Death, Marry or not, Happy or not, &c. and can't keep your selves from Contradicting one another in the little Concern of Weather, and that the most knowing of you misses oftner than hitt, and particularly Mr. J. G. that said it would be know the 5th. of this Instant, which was the finest day that has been this Tear?

Quest. 3. Let a Man from any fix'd standing go towards either East, West, North or South, will you take 3 Guinea's to two, which will be offer'd as often as you please by some of our Society, that you tell towards which Point he went?

Quest. 4. There's now as we are very Credibly Inform'd, an Astrologer in Town who is frequently Cuckelded by one of his Friends, can any of you tell by the Rules of Astrology who it is, or who the Person is that thus abuses the poor Astrologer?

Quest. 5. Why have you not, and when will you Answer those Questions (instead of defending Judicial Astrology) that we put to you before, when we Treated upon this Subject? Thus much at present for Astrologers.

Quest. 6. Pray which do you think to be the best Almanack in England?

Answ. Parker's Almanack is the best that is yet extant perhaps in all Europe.

## Next Monday will be Publish'd

The second Spira, being a fearful Example of an ATHEIST who had Apostatiz'd from the Christian Religion, and died in Despair at Westminster, Dec. 8. 1692. With an Exact Account of his Sickness, Convictions, Discourses with Friends and Ministers, and of his dreadful Expressions and Blasphemies when he left the World: As also A Letter from an ATHEIST of his Acquaintance, with his Answer to it. Publish'd for an Example to others, and recommended to all Toung Persons, to settle them in their Religion. By J. S. a Minister of the Church of England, a frequent Visitor of him during his whole Sickness. Printed for John Dunion at the Raven in the Poultrey. Price 6 d.

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The Ladies Questions will be answer'd speedily.